Sullivan, Wisconsin

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Including Independent Auditors' Report

As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Village Board Village of Sullivan Sullivan, Wisconsin

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Sullivan, Wisconsin, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Sullivan's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village of Sullivan's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Sullivan's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Sullivan, Wisconsin, as of December 31, 2016 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



To the Village Board Village of Sullivan

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Sullivan's basic financial statements. The combining statement as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statement is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Madison, Wisconsin October 5, 2017

Baker Tilly Virchaw & rause, LP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS-UNAUDITED As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

The management of the Village of Sullivan, Wisconsin offers readers of the village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the village for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the village's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- > The total assets of the Village of Sullivan, including the sewer utility, exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$4,274,855 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$1,951,309 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the government's obligations to citizens and creditors.
- > The village's total net position, including the sewer utility, increased by \$105,272.
- > As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Village of Sullivan's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$791,029, an increase of \$83,001 in comparison with the prior year.
- > At the end of the current fiscal year, the village had committed fund balance of \$39,606 and assigned fund balance of \$663,966. There was unassigned fund balance for the general fund of \$87,457 as of December 31, 2016.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the village's basic financial statements. The village's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the village's finances, in a manner similar to a private – sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the village's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the village is improving or deteriorating. To assess the overall health of the village you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the village's property tax base and the condition of the village's infrastructure.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the village's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS-UNAUDITED As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS (cont.)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the village include general government; public safety; public works; leisure activities; and conservation and development. The business-type activities of the Village of Sullivan include the sewer utility.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1 to 3 of this report.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the village can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and agency funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The village maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the fire department fund and debt service fund. The general fund and debt service fund are considered to be major funds. The fire department is a nonmajor fund.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 4 and 6 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS-UNAUDITED As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Proprietary Funds – The village maintains one (1) proprietary fund- the Sewer Utility. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 8 to 10 of this report.

Agency Funds – Agency funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Agency funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the village's own programs. The accounting used for agency funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The statement of assets and liabilities – agency funds can be found on page 11 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 13 to 40 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, required supplementary information presents the following: a detailed budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget, a schedule of the Village's proportionate share of the net pension asset in the Wisconsin Retirement System, and a schedule of the Village's contributions to the Wisconsin Retirement System. These schedules can be found on pages 41 to 44 of this report.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE AS A WHOLE

An analysis of the village's financial position begins with a review of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. These two statements report the village's net position and changes therein. It should be noted that the financial position can also be affected by non-financial factors, including economic conditions, population growth and new regulations.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. In the case of the Village of Sullivan, total assets exceeded liabilities by \$4,274,855 as of December 31, 2016.

The largest portion of the village's net position (approximately 54%) reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, building, equipment, improvements, construction in progress and infrastructure), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The village uses these capital assets to provide service to citizens; consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS-UNAUDITED As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE AS A WHOLE (cont.)

A summary of the village's Statement of Net Position for 2016 and 2015 is presented in the table below.

VILLAGE OF SULLIVAN'S NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities				Busine Activ	•	Totals				
		2016		2015	2016		2015		2016		2015
Current and other assets Capital assets Total Assets	\$	1,165,973 1,910,575 3,076,548	\$	1,105,039 1,907,645 3,012,684	\$ 1,187,417 1,171,293 2,366,291	\$	1,115,362 1,239,346 2,354,708	\$	2,353,390 3,081,868 5,435,258	\$	2,220,401 3,146,991 5,367,392
Deferred Outflows of											
Resources		42,584		12,947	 32,460	_	7,524	_	75,044		20,471
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities		798,228 40,758		805,343 50,639	7,037 3,121		1,828 4,552		805,265 43,879		807,171 55,191
Total Liabilities		838,986		855,982	10,158		6,380		849,144		862,362
Deferred Inflows of Resources		373,375		355,900	 12,928		18		357,715		355,918
Net Position Net investment in capital											
assets		1,119,791		1,102,302	1,171,293		1,239,346		2,291,084		2,341,648
Restricted		-		15,266	32,462		39,920		32,462		55,186
Unrestricted		786,980		696,181	 1,164,329		1,076,568		1,951,309		1,772,749
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,906,771	\$	1,813,749	\$ 2,368,084	\$	2,355,834	\$	4,274,855	\$	4,169,583

The majority of the village's net position (approximately 54%) represents net investment in capital assets. An additional portion of the village's net position (approximately 1%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS-UNAUDITED As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE AS A WHOLE (cont.)

Analysis of the Village's Operations – The following table provides a summary of the village's operations for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015. Governmental activities increased the Village of Sullivan's net position by \$93,022. Business-type activities increased the village's net position by \$12,250.

VILLAGE OF SULLIVAN CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Govern	al		Busin	уре						
	Activ	ities			Act	ivities	3	Totals			
	 2016		2015		2016		2015		2016		2015
Revenues	 										
Program Revenues											
Charges for services	\$ 114,360	\$	115,202	\$	225,039	\$	233,542	\$	339,399	\$	348,744
Operating grants and											
Contributions	65,751		54,014		-		-		65,751		54,014
Capital grants and											
Contributions	9,268		9,590		-		-		9,268		9,590
General Revenues											
Property taxes	192,717		172,135		-		_		192,717		172,135
Other taxes - debt service	107,867		124,312		-		-		107,867		124,312
Intergovernmental	48,807		54,687		-		-		48,807		54,687
Investment income	2,587		1,013		4,684		4,351		7,271		5,364
Loss on disposal of assets	(4,809)		-		-		-		(4,809)		-
Miscellaneous	39,060		30,578		-		-		39,060		30,578
Transfers	 (7,497)		<u>-</u>		7,497		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Total Revenues	 568,111		561,531		237,220		237,893	_	805,331	_	799,424
Expenses											
General government	144,640		139,013		-		-		144,640		139,013
Public safety	134,335		127,316		-		-		134,335		127,316
Public works	142,824		135,559		-		-		142,824		135,559
Leisure activities	7,392		18,306		-		-		7,392		18,306
Conservation and											
development	5,152		4,588		-		-		5,152		4,588
Interest and fiscal charges	40,736		45,648		-		-		40,736		45,648
Sewer utility	 				224,970		245,206	_	224,970	_	245,206
Total Expenses	 475,089		470,430		224,970	_	245,206		700,059		715,636
Increase (decrease) in net											
position	93,022		91,101		12,250		(7,313)		105,272		83,788
NET POSITION -											
January 1	 1,813,749		1,722,648	_	2,355,834		2,363,147	_	4,169,583	_	4,085,795
NET POSITION -										_	
December 31	\$ 1,906,771	\$	1,813,749	\$	2,368,084	\$	2,355,834	\$	4,274,855	\$	4,169,583

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS-UNAUDITED As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The focus of the Village of Sullivan's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the village's financing requirements. In particular, assigned and unassigned fund balances may serve as useful measures of the government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of current fiscal year, the Village of Sullivan's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$791,029. Approximately 84% of this total amount, \$663,966 constitutes assigned fund balance. \$39,606 of the fund balance is committed to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for fire department expenditures. The remaining balance of \$87,457 is unassigned.

General Fund: The general fund is the main operating fund of the village. The general fund balance increased from \$670,947 to \$751,423 an increase of \$80,476.

Debt Service Fund: The debt service fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs, other than enterprise debt. There was no fund balance as of year end.

Fire Department Fund: The fire department fund reports the activities of the fire department separate bank accounts. Fund balance at year end is \$39,606.

PROPRIETARY FUND

The Village of Sullivan's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Sewer Utility: The Sullivan Sewer Utility is an enterprise fund of the Village of Sullivan. The operating income for the year was \$69. Total increase in net position was \$12,250.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The final amended General Fund budget had total appropriations equal to the original budget. The village budgeted for a \$29,045 fund balance deficit and the actual result was an \$80,476 increase in fund balance.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS-UNAUDITED As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of 2016, the village had invested a total of \$3,081,868 in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and construction work in progress.

CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END NET OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

	Governn Activi			Busine Acti				To	tals	
	2016	 2015	_	2016	2015		2016		_	2015
Land	\$ 4,201	\$ 4,201	\$	818	\$	818	\$	5,019	\$	5,019
Right-of-way	124,539	124,539		-		-		124,539		124,539
Improvements	15,184	16,196		-		-		15,184		16,196
Buildings	255,909	260,211		-		-		255,909		260,211
Machinery and										
equipment	348,786	315,044		-		-		348,786		315,044
Infrastructure	1,161,956	1,187,454		-		-		1,161,956		1,187,454
Sewer plant	 	 	_	1,170,475		1,238,528	_	1,170,475		1,238,528
Totals	\$ 1,910,575	\$ 1,907,645	\$	1,171,293	\$	1,239,346	\$	3,081,868	\$	3,146,991

Additional information on the Village of Sullivan's capital assets can be found in note IV.D. of this report.

LONG-TERM DEBT

During 2016, the village retired debt of \$64,482 and issued new debt of \$60,575, resulting in \$790,784 in general obligation debt outstanding bonds at the end of 2016.

Under Wisconsin State Statutes, Chapter 67, the Village of Sullivan's aggregate general obligation indebtedness may not exceed 5% of the equalized value of taxable property located in the village. The net amount of debt that is applicable to the statutory limit is \$790,784 which is 35% of the maximum allowed of \$2,268,445.

The business-type activities have no debt outstanding as of December 31, 2016.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS-UNAUDITED As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

LONG-TERM DEBT (cont.)

VILLAGE OF SULLIVAN'S OUTSTANDING LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

	Governmental Activities									
	_	2016		2015						
General Obligation Bonds	\$	215,000	\$	255,000						
State Trust Fund Loan		515,209		539,691						
Promissory Note		60,575		-						
Capital Leases		-		10,652						
Net Pension Liability		7,444		<u>-</u>						
Total Outstanding Long-Term Obligations	\$	798,288	\$	805,343						

Additional information on the Village of Sullivan's long-term debt can be found in footnote IV.F. of this report.

CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS/ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

All currently known facts or economic conditions were considered in preparing this report.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with general overview of the village's finances. If you have questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the Village of Sullivan 500 Madison Avenue (Hwy. 18), Attn: Heather Rupnow, call 262 593 2388, or e-mail clerk@villageofsullivan.com.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2016

400570	Governmental E Activities		Bı	usiness-type Activities		Totals
ASSETS	•	000 070	•	4 000 400	•	4 007 070
Cash and investments	\$	820,870	\$	1,086,403	\$	1,907,273
Taxes receivable		356,188		-		356,188
Accounts		1,000		55,839		56,839
Accrued interest		- (40.00=)		628		628
Internal balances		(12,085)		12,085		-
Restricted assets				00.400		00.400
Restricted cash and investments		-		32,462		32,462
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)						
Land		128,740		818		129,558
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		1,781,835	_	1,170,475		2,952,310
Total Assets		3,076,548		2,358,710		5,435,258
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related amounts		12 501		22.460		75.044
	-	42,584		32,460 32,460		75,044
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	42,584		32,460		75,044
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		40,758		3,121		43,879
Noncurrent Liabilities		10,700		0,121		10,070
Due within one year		75,845		_		75,845
Due in more than one year		722,383		7,037		729,420
Total Liabilities	-	838,986		10,158		849,144
Total Elabilities	-	000,000		10,100		040,144
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unearned revenues		357,679		-		357,679
Pension related amounts		15,69 <u>6</u>		12,928		28,624
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		373,375		12,928		386,303
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		1,119,791		1,171,293		2,291,084
Restricted for						
Equipment		-		32,462		32,462
Unrestricted		786,980		1,164,329	_	1,951,309
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,906,771	\$	2,368,084	\$	4,274,855

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

			Program Revenues							
<u>Functions/Programs</u>	Expenses			harges for Services	G	Operating rants and ntributions	Gi	Capital rants and ntributions		
Governmental Activities										
General government	\$	144,640	\$	2,747	\$	4,150	\$	-		
Public safety		134,335		71,360		16,495		-		
Public works		142,834		39,308		45,106		9,268		
Culture, recreation and education		7,392		-		-		-		
Conservation and development		5,152		945		-		-		
Interest and fiscal charges		40,736				_				
Total Governmental Activities		475,089		114,360		65,75 <u>1</u>		9,268		
Business-type Activities										
Sewer Utility		224,970		225,039						
Total Business-type Activities		224,970		225,039						
Totals	\$	700,059	\$	339,399	\$	65,751	\$	9,268		

General Revenues

Taxes

Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for debt service

Intergovernmental revenues not restricted to specific programs Investment income

Loss on disposal of assets

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Transfers

Change in net position

NET POSITION - Beginning of Year

NET POSITION - END OF YEAR

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

G	overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
\$	(137,743) (46,480) (49,152) (7,392) (4,207) (40,736) (285,710)	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ (137,743) (46,480) (49,152) (7,392) (4,207) (40,736) (285,710)
	<u>-</u>	69 69	 69 69
	(285,710)	69	 (285,641)
	192,717 107,867 48,807 2,587 (4,809) 39,060 386,229 (7,497)	4,684 - 4,684 - - 4,684 7,497	 192,717 107,867 48,807 7,271 (4,809) 39,060 390,913
	93,022	12,250	105,272
	1,813,749	2,355,834	 4,169,583
\$	1,906,771	\$ 2,368,084	\$ 4,274,855

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2016

	General	Debt Service	Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Fire Department	Totals		
ASSETS	* 7 04.004	•	.			
Cash and investments Receivables	\$ 781,264	\$ -	\$ 39,606	\$ 820,870		
Taxes	241,027	115,161	-	356,188		
Accounts	1,000			1,000		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,023,291	<u>\$ 115,161</u>	\$ 39,606	<u>\$ 1,178,058</u>		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 12,903	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,903		
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	4,362 12,085	-	-	4,362 12,085		
Total Liabilities	29,350			29,350		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unearned revenues Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	242,518 242,518	115,161 115,161		357,679 357,679		
Fund Balances Committed Assigned Unassigned	- 663,966 <u>87,457</u>	- - -	39,606	39,606 663,966 <u>87,457</u>		
Total Fund Balances	751,423		39,606	791,029		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 1,023,291</u>	<u>\$ 115,161</u>	<u>\$ 39,606</u>	<u>\$ 1,178,058</u>		

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2016

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	791,029	
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	φ	791,029	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. See Note II. A.		1,910,575	
The net pension liability does not relate to current financial resources and is not reported in the governmental funds.		(7,444)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.		42,584	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.		(15,696)	
Some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. See Note II. A.		(814,277)	
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	1,906,771	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

		General	De	bt Service	Gov Fu	onmajor vernmental ind - Fire spartment		Totals
REVENUES	Φ	400 747	Φ	407.007	Φ		Φ	200 504
Taxes	\$	192,717 99,898	\$	107,867 9,268	\$	-	\$	300,584 109,166
Intergovernmental Licenses and permits		20,368		9,200		-		20,368
Public charges for services		39,308		_		2,000		41,308
Intergovernmental charges for services		64,300		_		2,000		64,300
Investment income		2,507		_		80		2,587
Miscellaneous		31,596		-		10,510		42,106
Total Revenues		450,694		117,135		12,590		580,419
EXPENDITURES Current								
General government		134,535		-		-		134,535
Public safety		83,266		-		27,095		110,361
Public works		171,658		-		-		171,658
Culture, recreation and education		6,655		-		-		6,655
Conservation and development		5,152		-		-		5,152
Capital Outlay Debt Service		5,000		-		-		5,000
Principal		_		75,134		_		75,134
Interest and fiscal charges		_		42,001		_		42,001
Total Expenditures		406,266		117,135		27,095		550,496
Evene (deficiency) of revenues over								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		44,428		_		(14,505)		29,923
onponuntarios		11,120				(11,000)		20,020
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Debt issued		60,575		-		<u>-</u>		60,575
Transfers in		-		-		17,030		17,030
Transfers out	_	(24,527)		<u>-</u>		47.000		(24,527)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		36,048				17,030		53,078
Net Change in Fund Balances		80,476		-		2,525		83,001
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year		670,947				37,081		708,028
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	751,423	\$		\$	39,606	\$	791,029

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 83,001
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net position the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense in the statement of activities. Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements but is capitalized in the government-wide financial statements Loss on trade in of capital asset Some items reported as operating expenditures in the fund financial statements but are capitalized in the government-wide statements Depreciation is reported in the government-wide financial statements	5,000 (29,809) 85,575 (57,836)
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Debt issued Principal repaid	(60,575) 75,134
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Accrued interest and other debt expenses Net pension asset/liability Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	1,265 (22,710) 29,637 (15,660)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 93,022

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND As of December 31, 2016

ASSETS	Sewer Utility
Current Assets	
Cash and Investments	\$ 386,658
Interest receivable	628
Customer accounts receivable	55,839
Due from other funds	12,085
Cash and investments - depreciation account	699,745
Total Current Assets	1,154,955
Noncurrent Assets	
Restricted Assets	
Replacement account	32,462
Capital Assets	02, 102
Property and equipment	2,250,088
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,078,795)
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,203,755
Total Assets	2,358,710
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related amounts	32,460
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	32,460
Total Deletted Outliows of Nessatioes	<u> </u>
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	2,228
Accrued wages	893
Total Current Liabilities	3,121
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Long-Term Debt	
Net pension liability	6,137
Compensated absences	900
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	7,037
Total Liabilities	10,158
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related amounts	12,928
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	12,928
Total Bolottoa Illinotto of Neocoarcos	,
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	1,171,293
Restricted for	
Equipment replacement	32,462
Unrestricted	1,164,329
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,368,084
IOTAL NET I CONTON	<u>ψ 2,000,004</u>

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Sewer Utility
OPERATING REVENUES Treatment charges Other Total Operating Revenues	\$ 220,745 4,294 225,039
OPERATING EXPENSES Operation and maintenance Depreciation Total Operating Expenses	156,917 68,053 224,970
Operating Income	69
NONOPERATING REVENUES Investment income Total Nonoperating Revenues	4,684 4,684
Income Before Transfers	4,753
TRANSFERS Transfers in	7,497
Change in Net Position	7,497
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	2,355,834
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,363,331

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Received from customers Paid to suppliers for goods and services Paid to employees for services Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	Sewer Utility \$ 242,137 (103,754) (53,830) 84,553
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investments sold and matured Investment income Investments purchased Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities	109,432 4,684 (157,951) (43,835)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	40,718
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year	811,273
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 851,991</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income Noncash items in operating income - depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable Due from other funds Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Other current liabilities Pension related deferrals and assets/liabilities NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 69 68,053 854 16,244 (1,663) (928) 232 1,692 \$ 84,553
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS Cash and investments Cash and investments - depreciation account Restricted cash and investments Replacement account Total Cash and Investments Less: Noncash equivalents CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 386,658 699,745 32,462 1,118,865 (266,874) \$ 851,991
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfer related to delinquent utility charge	<u>\$ 7,497</u>

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS As of December 31, 2016

ACCETO	Agency Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments Taxes receivable	\$ 568,009 204,431
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 772,440</u>
LIABILITIES Due to other governments	<u>\$ 772,440</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>\$ 772,440</u>

INDEX TO NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Village of Sullivan, Wisconsin conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

A. REPORTING ENTITY

This report includes all of the funds of the village. The reporting entity for the village consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The village has not identified any organizations that meet this criteria.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In February 2015, the GASB issued statement No. 72 - Fair Value Measurement and Application. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. It defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This standard was implemented January 1, 2016.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The village does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the village are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balance, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

Funds are organized as major funds or nonmajor funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the village or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental or enterprise fund that met the 10% test is at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the village believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The village reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - accounts for the village's primary operating activities. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those accounted for and reported in another fund. General Debt Service Fund - used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs, other than enterprise debt.

The village reports the following major enterprise fund:

Sewer Utility - accounts for operations of the sewer system

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

The village reports the following nonmajor governmental fund:

Special Revenue Fund - used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

Fire Department

In addition, the village reports the following fund type:

Agency Funds - used to account for and report assets held by the village in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

Tax Collection Fund Fire Donations Fund

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the village's sewer and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences, and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred inflows. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the village is entitled the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the village which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time requirements) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services, special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees, and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

Proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note. Agency funds follow the accrual basis of accounting, and do not have a measurement focus.

The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the sewer utility are charges to customers for sales and services. Special assessments are recorded as receivables and contribution revenue when levied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the village considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Investment of village funds is restricted by Wisconsin state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company maturing in three years or less.
- b. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority, or the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.
- c. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- d. The local government investment pool.
- e. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- f. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- g. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

The village has adopted an investment policy. That policy follows the state statute for allowable investments.

No policy exists for the following risks:

Credit risk
Custodial credit risk

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on methods and inputs as outlined in Note IV. A. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank statement balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (cont.)
 - 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2016, the fair value of the village 's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

See Note IV. A. for further information.

2. Receivables

Property taxes are levied in December on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. In addition to property taxes for the village, taxes are collected for and remitted to the state and county governments as well as the local school district and technical college district. Taxes for all state and local governmental units billed in the current year for the succeeding year are reflected as receivables and due to other taxing units on the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities - agency funds.

Property tax calendar - 2016 tax roll:

Lien date and levy date
Tax bills mailed
December 2016
Payment in full, or
First installment due
Second installment due
Personal property taxes in full
Tax sale - 2016 delinquent real estate taxes
December 2016
December 2016
January 31, 2017
January 31, 2017
January 31, 2017
October 2019

Accounts receivable have been shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Delinquent real estate taxes as of July 31 are paid in full by the county, which assumes the collection thereof. No provision for uncollectible accounts receivable has been made for the sewer utility because they have the right by law to place substantially all delinquent bills on the tax roll, and other delinquent bills are generally not significant.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as internal balances.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (cont.)

3. Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net position.

4. Capital Assets

Government-Wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 for general capital assets and \$25,000 for infrastructure assets, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor, overhead, and an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction when significant. For tax-exempt debt, the amount of interest capitalized equals the interest expense incurred during construction netted against any interest revenue from temporary investment of borrowed fund proceeds. No interest was capitalized during the current year. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings 85 Years
Land Improvements 25-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment 10-20 Years
Infrastructure 25-100 Years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (cont.)

5. Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time.

6. Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

All vested vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements, and are payable with expendable resources.

Payments for vacation and sick leave will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. Accumulated vacation and sick leave liabilities at December 31, 2016, are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

7. Long-Term Obligations

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes and bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the issue using the effective interest method. The balance at year end is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net position.

8. Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (cont.)
 - 9. Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net positions that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund balances are displayed as follows:

- a. Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (resolution) of the Village Board. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the Village Board that originally created the commitment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (cont.)
 - 9. Equity Classifications (cont.)

Fund Statements (cont.)

- d. Assigned Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The Board may take official action to assign amounts. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.
- e. Unassigned Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those purposes.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

The village considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the village would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

See Note IV. G. for further information.

10. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset (liability), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Basis for Existing Rates

Sewer Utility

Current sewer rates were approved by the village board on December 6, 2012 and made effective starting the first quarter of 2013. The charge is \$150 per quarter per Residential Equivalency Charge.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE II - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The details of this reconciliation include the following items.

Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Land	\$ 4,201
Right of Way	124,539
Buildings	357,620
Machinery and equipment	872,459
Land improvements	25,305
Infrastructure	1,375,657
Less: Accumulated depreciation	 (849,206)

Combined Adjustment for Capital Assets \$ 1,910,575

Long-term liabilities applicable to the village's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period, and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities-both current and long-term-are reported in the statement of net position.

Bonds and notes payable Accrued interest	\$ 790,784 23,493
Combined Adjustment for Long-Term	\$ 814,277

NOTE III - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

A budget has been adopted for the the general fund and debt service fund. A budget has not been formally adopted for the fire department fund. Wisconsin Statute 65.90 requires that an annual budget be adopted for all funds.

B. EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The village controls expenditures at the department level. Some individual departments experienced expenditures which exceeded appropriations. The detail of those items can be found in the village's yearend budget to actual report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE III - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (cont.)

C. LIMITATIONS ON THE VILLAGE'S TAX LEVY

Wisconsin law limits the village's future tax levies. Generally the village is limited to its prior tax levy dollar amount (excluding TIF Districts), increased by the greater of the percentage change in the village's equalized value due to new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit with certain exceptions. The village is required to reduce its allowable levy by the estimated amount of fee revenue it collects for certain services, if those services were funded in 2013 by the property tax levy. Levies can be increased above the allowable limits if the amount is approved by referendum.

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The village's deposits and investments at year end were comprised of the following:

	Carrying Value	_	Statement Balances	Associated Risks
Demand deposits Certificates of deposit LGIP	\$ 1,223,184 266,874 1,017,686	\$	1,212,326 267,232 1,018,055	Custodial credit Custodial credit Credit
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 2,507,744	\$	2,497,613	
Reconciliation to financial statements				
Per statement of net position Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Per statement of assets and liabilities -	\$ 1,907,273 32,462			
agency funds Agency Funds	 568,009			
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 2,507,744			

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts (interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has been considered in computing custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the village's deposits may not be returned to the village.

As of December 31, 2016, \$212,058 of the village's total bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 212,058
Total	\$ 212,058

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

The village had investments in the external Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool which is not rated.

See Note I.D.1. for further information on deposit and investment policies.

B. RECEIVABLES

All of the receivables on the balance sheet are expected to be collected within one year.

Governmental funds report *unavailable or unearned revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unavailable revenue* and *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	<u></u>	Jnearned
Property taxes receivable for subsequent year Special charges on the tax roll 2017 rent paid for village property during 2016	\$	302,147 38,350 17,182
Total Unearned/Unavailable Revenue for Governmental Funds	<u>\$</u>	357,679

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

C. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The following represent the balances of the restricted assets:

Equipment Replacement Account

The sewer utility established an equipment replacement account to be used for significant mechanical equipment replacement as required by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources.

Following is a list of restricted assets at December 31, 2016:

Restricted Assets	
Replacement account	\$ 32,462
Total Restricted Assets	\$ 32,462

D. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2016, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 4,201	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,201
Right of way	124,539			124,539
Total Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated	128,740			128,740
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land Improvements	25,305	-	_	25,305
Buildings	357,620	_	-	357,620
Machinery and equipment	827,716	90,575	45,832	872,459
Streets	1,085,646	_	-	1,085,646
Sidewalks	56,395	_	_	56,395
Storm sewer	233,616			233,616
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	2,586,298	90,575	45,832	2,631,041
Total Capital Assets	2,715,038	90,575	45,832	2,759,781

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)								
		Beginning Balance	Δ	dditions	D	eletions		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities (cont.)	_	Dalarioc		iddition io		Cictions		Balarioc
Less: Accumulated depreciation for Land Improvements Buildings Machinery and equipment Streets Sidewalks Storm sewer Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	(9,109) (97,409) (512,672) (142,597) (10,152) (35,454) (807,393)	\$	(1,012) (4,302) (27,024) (19,698) (1,128) (4,672) (57,836)	\$	16,023 - - - 16,023	\$	(10,121) (101,711) (523,673) (162,295) (11,280) (40,126) (849,206)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated		1,778,905		32,739		29,809		1,781,835
Total Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	<u>\$</u>	1,907,645	<u>\$</u>	32,739	<u>\$</u>	29,809	<u>\$</u>	1,910,575
Depreciation expense was charged to functi	ions	as follows:						
Governmental Activities General government Public safety Public works Culture, recreation and education							\$	1,457 23,974 31,668 737
Total Governmental Activities Deprec	iatio	on Expense					\$	57,836
Business-type Activities		Beginning Balance	_A	dditions	D	eletions		Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Total Capital Assets Not Being depreciated	\$	818 818	\$	-	\$	_	\$	818 818
Capital assets being depreciated Collecting system Collecting system pumping Treatment and disposal General Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	_	601,615 396,659 1,148,805 102,191 2,249,270		- - - -		- - - - -	_	601,615 396,659 1,148,805 102,191 2,249,270
Total Capital Assets		2,250,088						2,250,088

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

Business-type Activities (cont.)	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Less: Accumulated depreciation for Sewer Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ (1,010,742) (1,010,742)	\$ (68,053) (68,053)	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ (1,078,795) (1,078,795)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	1,238,528	(68,053)		1,170,475
Business-type Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	<u>\$ 1,239,346</u>	\$ (68,05 <u>3</u>)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,171,293</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Business-type Activities

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Receivables/Payables

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount			
Sewer utility	General fund	\$	12,085			
Total		<u>\$</u>	12,085			

All amounts are due within one year.

The principal purpose of these interfunds is for amounts placed on the tax roll and payroll items.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (cont.)

Transfers

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From		Amount	Principal Purpose			
Fire Sewer	General General	\$	17,030 7,497	Uniform allowances and reimbursement of capital purchases Delinquent utility charges on sold property			
Total - Fund Financial St	atements		24,527				
Less: Fund eliminations		_	(17,030)				
Total Transfers - Gov of Activities	rernment-Wide Statement	\$	7,497				
Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From	_	Amount				
Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities	\$	7,497				
Total Government-wide Financial Statements			7,497				

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2016, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases		Ending Balance		mounts Due Vithin One Year
Governmental Activities Bonds and Notes Payable General obligation debt Other bonds or notes or loans payable Sub-totals	\$	794,691 - 794,691	\$ 60,575 60,575	\$ 64,482	\$	730,209 60,575 790,784	\$	65,845 10,000 75,845
Other Liabilities Capital leases Net pension liability Total Other Liabilities	_	10,652	7,444 7,444	10,652	_	7,444 7,444	_	- - -
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	805,343	\$ 68,019	\$ 75,134	\$	798,228	\$	75,845
Business-type Activities								
Other Liabilities Vested compensated absences Net pension liability Total Other Liabilities	\$	1,828 - 1,828	\$ 6,137 6,137	\$ 928 - 928	\$	900 6,137 7,037	\$	- - -
Total Business-type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	1,828	\$ 6,137	\$ 928	\$	7,037	\$	

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the village may not exceed 5% of the equalized value of taxable property within the village's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2016, was \$2,268,445. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year end was \$790,784.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

General Obligation Debt

All general obligation notes and bonds payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the village. Notes and bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund.

Governmental Activities						ı	Balance
General Obligation Debt	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates		Original ebtedness	Dec	cember 31, 2016
2001 G.O. Debt 2010 State Trust Fund	05/01/01	05/01/21	4.70-5.40%	\$	605,000	\$	215,000
Loan	08/26/10	03/15/30	5.25%		660,000		515,209
2016 Promissory Note	11/17/16	11/17/23	2.17%		60,575		60,575
Total Governmental Activities - General Obligation Debt							790,784

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	 Governmental Activities General Obligation Debt				
<u>Years</u>	Principal	al Interest			
2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022-2026 2027-2030	\$ 75,845 77,201 83,630 85,070 86,711 195,873 186,454	\$	38,802 35,129 31,219 27,131 22,843 79,409 25,118		
Totals	\$ 790,784	\$	259,651		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

G. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

Net position reported on the government wide statement of net position at December 31, 2016, includes the following:

Governmental Activities

Net Investment in Capital Assets	
Land	\$ 4,201
Right of way	124,539
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,781,835
Less: Long-term debt outstanding	 (790,784)
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 1,119,791
•	

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2016, include the following:

Fund Balances	Gov General Fu		lonmajor vernmental und - Fire epartment	rnmental id - Fire	
Committed to: Fire department expenditures	\$ -	\$	39,606	\$	39,606
Assigned to: Future capital projects Subsequent year budget	652,651 11,315		- -		652,651 11,315
Unassigned:	87,457				87,457
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$ 751,423</u>	\$	39,606	\$	791,029

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

G. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (cont.)

Business-type Activities

Net Investment in Capital Assets Land Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 818 1,170,475 1,171,293
Restricted Equipment replacement Total Restricted	32,462 32,462
Unrestricted	1,164,329
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	\$ 2,368,084

NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan description. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1200 hours a year and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits provided. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and State executive participants) are entitled to receive an unreduced retirement benefit. The factors influencing the benefit are: (1) final average earnings, (2) years of creditable service, and (3) a formula factor.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest years' earnings. Creditable service is the creditable current and prior service expressed in years or decimal equivalents of partial years for which a participant receives earnings and makes contributions as required. The formula factor is a standard percentage based on employment category.

Employees may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupation employees) and receive reduced benefits. Employees terminating covered employment before becoming eligible for a retirement benefit may withdraw their contributions and forfeit all rights to any subsequent benefits.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Post-retirement adjustments. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2006	0.8%	3%
2007	3.0	10
2008	6.6	0
2009	(2.1)	(42)
2010	(1.3)	22
2011	(1.2)	11
2012	(7.0)	(7)
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees and Executives and Elected Officials. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$6,095 in contributions from the village.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2016 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General	6.6%	6.6%
Executives & Elected Officials	6.6%	6.6%
Protective with Social Security	6.6%	9.4%
Protective without Social Security	6.6%	13.2%

Pension (asset)/liabilitys, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2016, the village reported an (asset)/liability of \$13,581 for its proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability. The net pension (asset)/liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension (asset)/liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2014 rolled forward to December 31, 2015. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The village's proportion of the net pension (asset)/liability was based on the village's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2015, the village's proportion was 0.00083578%, which was a decrease of 0.00009432% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2014.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the village recognized pension expense of \$15,168.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

At December 31, 2016, the village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred utflows of esources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,298	\$	28,582
Changes in assumptions		9,502		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		55,605		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,436		42
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		6,203	_	
Totals	\$	75,044	\$	28,624

\$6,203 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:	Deferred Outflows of Resources		red Inflows Resources
2017	\$ 17,850	\$	6,929
2018	17,850		6,929
2019	17,848		6,929
2020	14,947		6,923
2021	346		914

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date: December 31, 2014

Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset)

December 31, 2015

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age

Asset Valuation Method: Fair Market Value

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 7.2%

Discount Rate: 7.2%

Salary Increases:

Inflation 3.2%

Seniority/Merit 0.2% - 5.6%

Mortality: Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table

Post-retirement Adjustments*: 2.1%

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2012 using experience from 2009 – 2011. The total pension liability for December 31, 2015 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation.

^{*} No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 2.1% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Long-term expected return on plan assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Core Fund Asset Class	Current Asset Allocation %	Destination Target Asset Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return %
U.S. Equities	27%	23%	7.6%	4.7%
International Equities	24.5	22	8.5	5.6
Fixed Income	27.5	37	4.4	1.6
Inflation Sensitive Assets	10	20	4.2	1.4
Real Estate	7	7	6.5	3.6
Private Equity/Debt	7	7	9.4	6.5
Multi-Asset	4	4	6.7	3.8
Total Core Fund	107	120	7.4	4.5
Variable Fund Asset Class				
U.S Equities	70	70	7.6	4.7
International Equities	30	30	8.5	5.6
Total Variable Fund	100	100	7.9	5.0

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.75% Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 7.20% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.20% and a long term bond rate of 3.56%. Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.20% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 2.1% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the village's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the village's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the village's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to		1% Increase to
	Discount Rate	Current Discount	Discount Rate
	(6.20%)	Rate (7.20%)	(8.20%)
Village's proportionate share of the net			
pension (liability)/asset	\$95,259	\$13,581	\$(50,211)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

At December 31, 2016, the village reported a payable to the pension plan which represents contractually required contributions outstanding as of the end of the year.

B. RISK MANAGEMENT

The village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. All of these risks are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance, with minimal deductibles. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2016

NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments are only reported in governmental funds if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

The village has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

D. EFFECT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ON CURRENT-PERIOD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- > Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68
- > Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans
- > Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions
- > Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14
- > Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements
- > Statement No. 82, Pension Issues an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Budgete	ed Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES			7100001	
TAXES				
General property taxes Total Taxes	\$ 192,566 192,566		\$ 192,717 192,717	\$ <u>151</u> 151
Total Taxes	192,500	192,500	192,717	101
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES				
State shared revenues	48,086		48,003	(83)
Fire insurance tax (2% fire dues)	6,000		5,985	(15)
Exempt computer aid	723		724	1
State aid - road allotment	34,662	,	43,045	8,383
DNR - in lieu of taxes	80		80	(0.000)
County aid - highway	2,000		2.061	(2,000)
State aid - recycling Total Intergovernmental	1,742	1,742	2,061	319
Revenues	93,293	93,293	99,898	6,605
LICENSES AND PERMITS				
Liquor and malt beverage licenses	2,050	2,050	1,700	(350)
Business and occupational licenses	1,100		945	(155)
Dog and cat licenses	900		687	(213)
Building permits	2,000	2,000	5,060	3,060
Other permits	-	· -	10	10
Cable television franchise fees	11,700	11,700	11,616	(84)
Zoning permits and fees		<u> </u>	350	350
Total Licenses and Permits	17,750	17,750	20,368	2,618
PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES				
Recycling	38,500		39,308	808
Total Public Charges for Services	38,500	38,500	39,308	808
INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES FOR SERVICES				
Local - fire services	68,350	68,350	64,300	(4,050)
INVESTMENT INCOME				
Investment income	700	700	2,507	1,807
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES				
Rent	200	2,000	4,150	2,150
Sprint lease agreement	17,280		22,280	5,000
Other miscellaneous			5,166	5,166
Total Miscellaneous Revenues	17,480	19,280	31,596	12,316
Total Revenues	428,639	430,439	450,694	20,255

See independent auditors' report and accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts						
EVDENDITUDES	_	Original		Final	_	Actual	iance with al Budget
EXPENDITURES							
GENERAL GOVERNMENT							
Council/Board	\$	8,374	\$	8,374	\$	8,074	\$ 300
Village President		3,230		3,230		3,230	-
Clerk - Treasurer		33,700		34,523		34,523	1 456
Clerk - Treasurer assistant		12,600		12,600		11,144	1,456
Assessment of property		5,750 2,410		5,750 2,410		5,679 887	71 1,523
Zoning and appeals board Special accounting and auditing		17,100		17,100		12,010	5,090
Legal		5,000		5,475		5,268	207
Municipal building		16,200		16,200		26,568	(10,368)
Printing and postage		3,000		2,500		1,466	1,034
Maps and platbooks		300		300		21	279
Property and liability insurance		8,560		8,180		1,209	6,971
Elections		6,500		5,677		4,887	790
Mileage and per diem		900		1,250		1,228	22
General administration		2,816		2,816		2,469	347
Other insurance		17,080		17,080		15,872	 1,208
Total General Government		143,520		<u>143,465</u>		<u>134,535</u>	 8,930
PUBLIC SAFETY							
Fire protection		108,355		108,499		61,373	47,126
Ambulance		17,850		17,706		17,523	183
Building inspection		1,800		1,800		4,420	(2,620)
Emergency government		500		500		, -	` [′] 500 [′]
Police		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		(50)	 50
Total Public Safety		128,505		128,505		83,266	 45,239
PUBLIC WORKS							
Machinery and equipment		16,900		16,900		78,850	(61,950)
Garages and sheds		3,600		3,373		2,200	1,173
Street maintenance		9,400		9,484		10,846	(1,362)
Street replacement		35,772		35,772		3,422	32,350
Snow and ice control		21,100		21,243		20,763	480
Street lighting		13,600		13,600		12,521	1,079
Refuse and garbage collection		30,000		30,000		27,357	2,643
Recycling		17,850		17,850		15,699	2,151
Storm sewers		3,000		3,000		<u> </u>	 3,000
Total Public Works		151,222		151,222		<u>171,658</u>	(20,436)
LEISURE ACTIVITIES							
Parks		13,567		13,567		6,405	7,162
Recreation administration		250		250		250	
Total Leisure Activities		13,817		13,817		6,655	 7,162

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Budgeted	I Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
CONSERVATION AND				
DEVELOPMENT Conservation and development	\$ 2,190	\$ 2,190	\$ 1,896	\$ 294
Weed control	3,200	3,255	3,256	(1)
Total Conservation and	0,200	0,200	0,200	/_/
Development	5,390	5,445	5,152	293
Capital investments			5,000	(5,000)
Total Capital Outlay			5,000	(5,000)
Total Expenditures	442,454	442,454	406,266	36,188
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(13,815)	(12,015)	44,428	<u>56,443</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
`Transfers out	(17,030)	(17,030)	(24,527)	(7,497)
Debt issued			60,575	60,575
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(17,030)	(17,030)	36,048	53,078
Net Change in Fund Balance	(30,845)	(29,045)	80,476	109,521
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	670,947	670,947	670,947	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 640,102	<u>\$ 641,902</u>	<u>\$ 751,423</u>	\$ 109,521

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION (ASSET)/LIABILITY - WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Fiscal Year Ending	Proportion of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability		Share of the Net Pension		Covered Payroll		Share of the Net Pension Cov		Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)/ Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
12/31/16 12/31/15	0.00083578% 0.00093010%	\$	13,581 (22,841)	\$	89,631 136,473	15.15% 16.74%	98.20% 102.74%				

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Fiscal <u>Year Ending</u>	Re	ractually quired ributions	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)			Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		
12/31/16 12/31/15	\$	6,203 6,095	\$	6,203 6,095	\$		-	\$ 93,995 89,631	6.60% 6.80%		

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note I. C.

The budgeted amounts presented include any amendments made. The village may authorize transfers of budgeted amounts within departments. Transfers between departments and changes to the overall budget must be approved by a two-thirds action.

Appropriations lapse at year end unless specifically carried over. Carryovers to the following year were \$652,651. Budgets are adopted at the department level of expenditure.

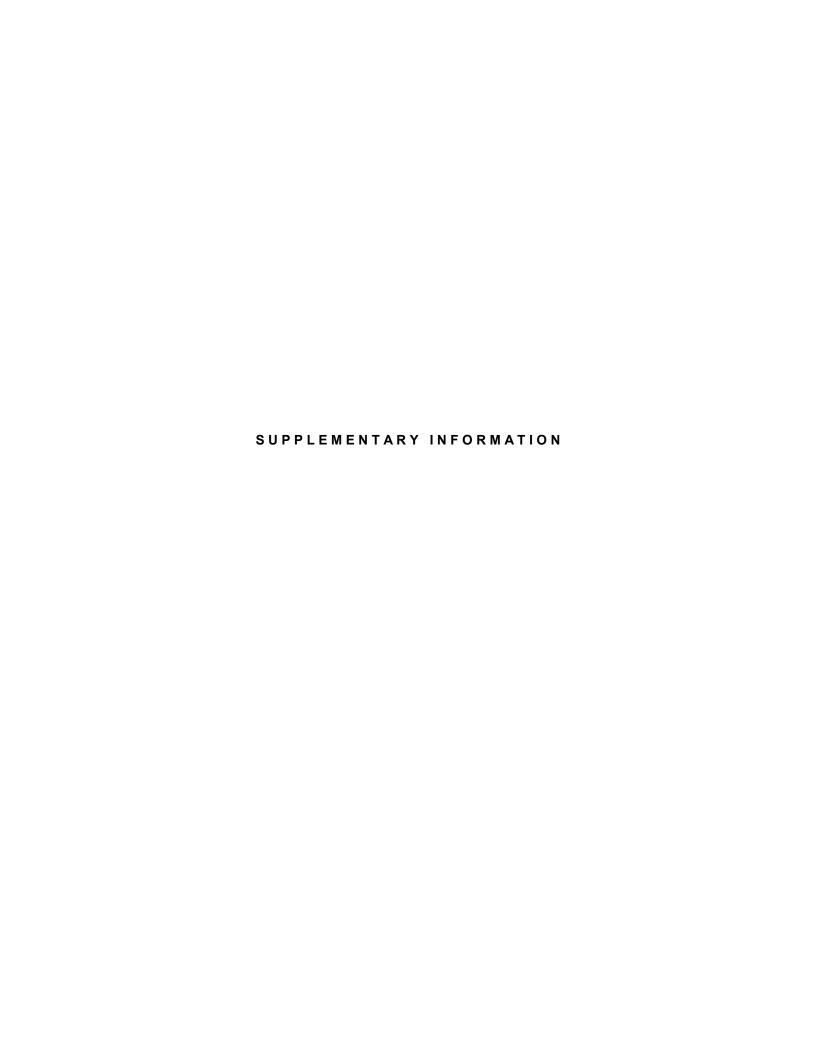
WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The amounts determined for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end and occurred within the fiscal year.

The village is required to present the last ten years of data; however accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in the Wisconsin Retirement System.

Changes in assumptions. There were no changes in assumptions.



COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS As of December 31, 2016

	Tax Collection Fund			re Donation Fund	Agency Funds	
ASSETS Cash and investments Tax roll receivable	\$	554,765 204,431	\$	13,244 <u>-</u>	\$	568,009 204,431
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	759,196	\$	13,244	\$	772,440
LIABILITIES Due to other governments	\$	759,1 <u>96</u>	\$	13,244	\$	772,440
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	759,196	\$	13,244	\$	772,440